

ME 2580 Example #14: (Newton's Laws, Rectangular Components)

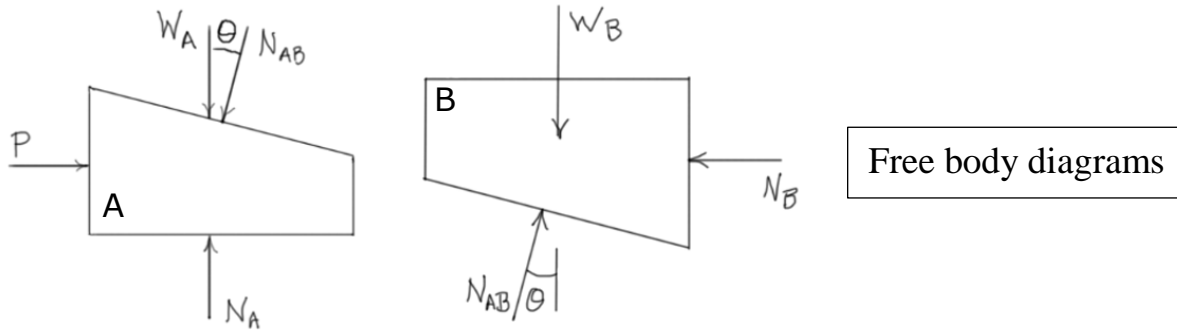
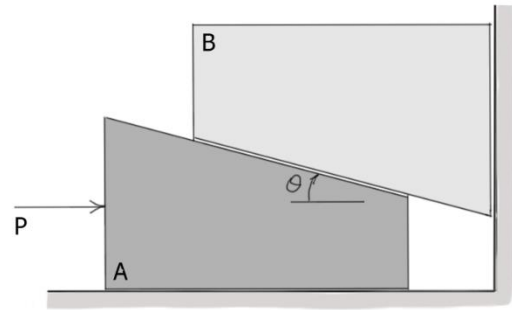
Given: $W_A = 8$ (lb), $W_B = 15$ (lb), $P = 12$ (lb)

$\theta = 15$ (deg)

all surfaces are *smooth*

Find: a_B the acceleration of block B

Solution:

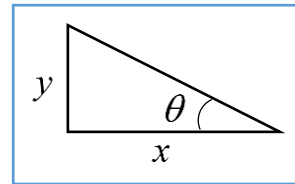


A: $\rightarrow \sum F = P - N_{AB} \sin(\theta) = \left(\frac{W_A}{g}\right) a_A$ and $\uparrow \sum F = N_A - W_A - N_{AB} \cos(\theta) = 0$

B: $\rightarrow \sum F = N_{AB} \sin(\theta) - N_B = 0$ and $\uparrow \sum F = N_{AB} \cos(\theta) - W_B = \left(\frac{W_B}{g}\right) a_B$

Kinematics:

$\tan(\theta) = \frac{y}{x} \Rightarrow a_B = \ddot{y} = \ddot{x} \tan(\theta) = a_A \tan(\theta)$



Simultaneous Equations:

$\left(\frac{W_A}{g}\right) \left(\frac{a_B}{\tan(\theta)}\right) + \sin(\theta) N_{AB} = P = 12$
 $\left(\frac{W_B}{g}\right) a_B - \cos(\theta) N_{AB} = -W_B = -15$ \Rightarrow $a_B \approx 7.586 \approx 7.59$ (ft/s²)
 $N_{AB} \approx 19.1877 \approx 19.2$ (lb)

$\Rightarrow a_A \approx 28.3113 \approx 28.3$ (ft/s²), $N_A \approx 26.5$ (lb) and $N_B \approx 5.00$ (lb)