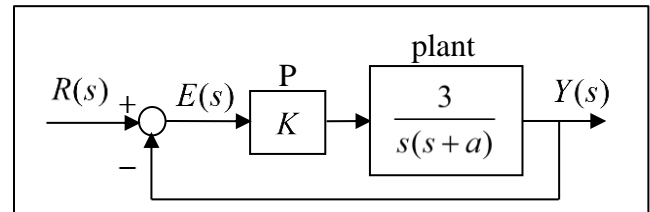


Introductory Control Systems

Exercises #8 – Closed-Loop, Second-Order System Step Response

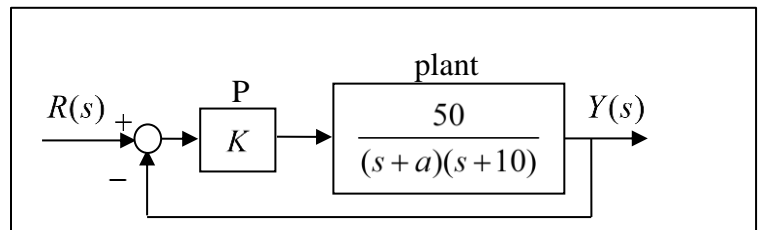
In the answers that follow, “Fig. 5.8” and “Fig. 5.13” refer to figures 5.8 and 5.13 in Dorf & Bishop, *Modern Control Systems*, 11th Ed., Pearson/Prentice-Hall, 2008. The estimates are based on reading values from those graphs.

1. A **proportional** (“P”) controller is used to control a 2nd order plant as shown. The system input is $R(s)$ and the system output is $Y(s)$. Given $K = 12$ and $a = 3$, estimate the **percent overshoot** (%OS) and the **2% settling time** (T_s) of the closed-loop system to a **unit step input**.



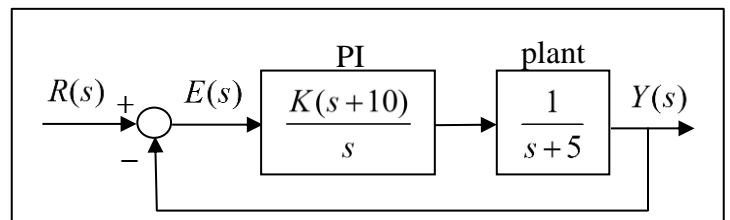
Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{36}{s^2 + 3s + 36}$, (2nd order, case 1), %OS \approx 45% (Fig 5.8), $T_s \approx$ 2.67 (sec)

2. **Proportional** (“P”) control is used to control a 2nd order plant as shown. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Given $K = 3$ and $a = 5$, estimate the **percent overshoot** (%OS) and the **2% settling time** (T_s) of the closed-loop system to a **unit step input**.



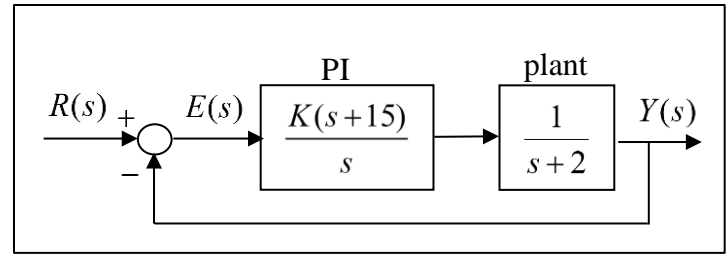
Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{150}{s^2 + 15s + 200}$, (2nd order, case 1), %OS \approx 15% (Fig 5.8), $T_s \approx$ 0.533 (sec)

3. The diagram shows a closed-loop system with **proportional-integral** (PI) control of a 1st order plant. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Given that $K = 15$, estimate the **percent overshoot** (%OS) and the **2% settling time** (T_s) of the closed loop system to a **unit step input**.



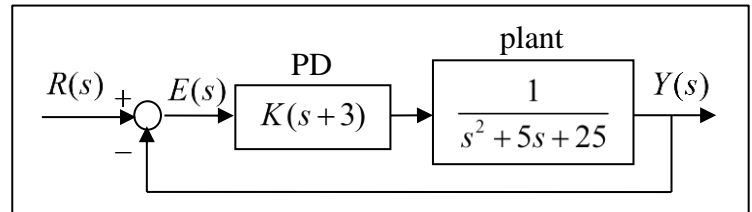
Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{15(s+10)}{s^2 + 20s + 150}$; %OS \approx 9% (Fig. 5.13); $T_s \approx$ 0.4 (sec)

4. The diagram shows a closed-loop system with **proportional-integral** (PI) control. The system has **input** $R(s)$ and **output** $Y(s)$. Given $K = 34$, estimate the **percent overshoot** (%OS) and the **2% settling time** (T_s) of the system to a **unit step input**.



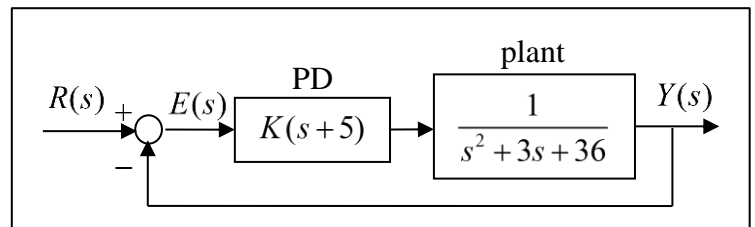
Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{34(s+15)}{s^2 + 36s + 510}$, (2nd order, case 2), %OS $\approx 13-14\%$ (Fig 5.13), $T_s \approx 0.222$ (sec)

5. A **proportional-derivative** ("PD") controller is used to control a **2nd order** plant as shown. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Assuming $K = 3.25$, estimate the percent overshoot (%OS) and settling time (T_s) of the closed-loop system.



Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{3.25(s+3)}{s^2 + 8.25s + 34.75}$, (2nd order, case 2), %OS $\approx 40\%$ (Fig 5.13), $T_s \approx 0.97$ (sec)

6. A **proportional-derivative** ("PD") controller is used to control a **2nd order plant** as shown. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Assuming $K = 7.17$, estimate the percent overshoot (%OS) and settling time (T_s) of the closed-loop system.



Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{7.17(s+5)}{s^2 + 10.17s + 71.85}$, %OS $\approx 40\%$ (Fig. 5.13), $T_s \approx 0.787$ (sec)