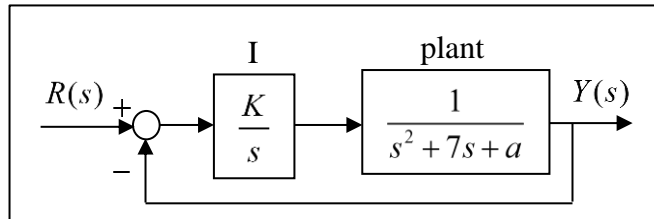


Introductory Control Systems
Exercises #11 – Performance Indices

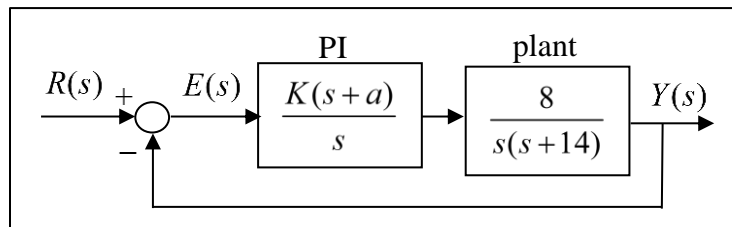
The results given below for ITAE optimal response to step and ramp input were found using Tables 5.6 and 5.7 in R.C. Dorf and R.H. Bishop, *Modern Control Systems*, 11th Ed., Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.

1. An **integral** (“I”) controller is used to control a 2nd order plant as shown. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Find values for the parameters K and a so the closed-loop system has **ITAE optimal response** to a **step input**.



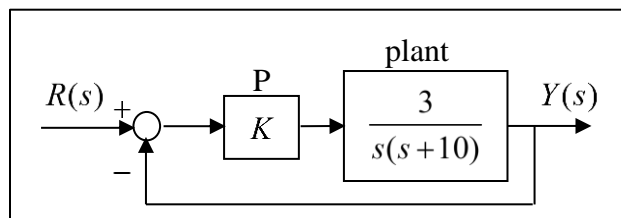
Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{K}{s^3 + 7s^2 + as + K}$; $a \approx 34.4$; $K \approx 64$

2. A proportional/integral (“PI”) controller is used to control a 2nd order plant as shown. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Find values for the parameters K and a so the closed-loop system has **ITAE optimal response** to a **ramp input**.



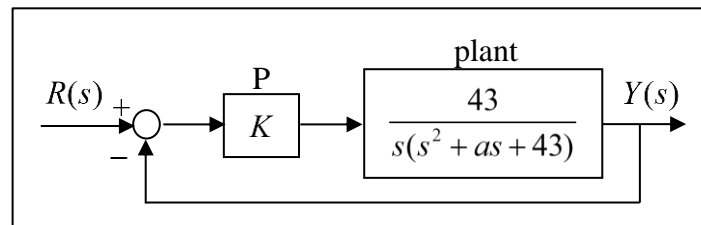
Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{8K(s+a)}{s^3 + 14s^2 + 8Ks + 8aK}$; $K = 26$; $a \approx 2.46$

3. A **proportional** (“P”) controller is used to control a 2nd order plant as shown. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Find the value of K so that the closed-loop system has **ITAE optimal response** to a **step input**.



Answers: $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{3K}{s^2 + 10s + 3K}$; $K \approx 17.0$

4. A *proportional* (“P”) controller is used to control a 3rd order plant as shown in the diagram. The system has input $R(s)$ and output $Y(s)$. Find the values of the parameters a and K that will give the closed-loop system an *ITAE optimal response* to a *step input*.



Answers: $\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{43K}{s^3 + as^2 + 43s + 43K}$; $a \approx 7.83$; $K \approx 2.08$