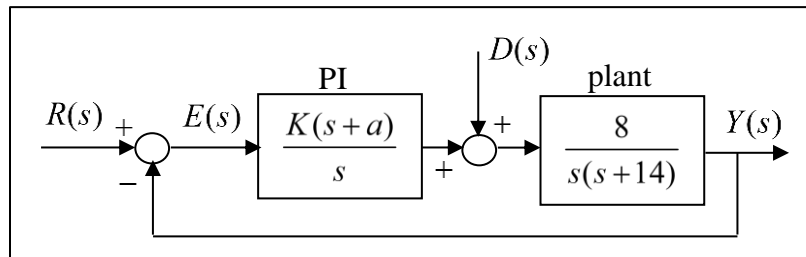


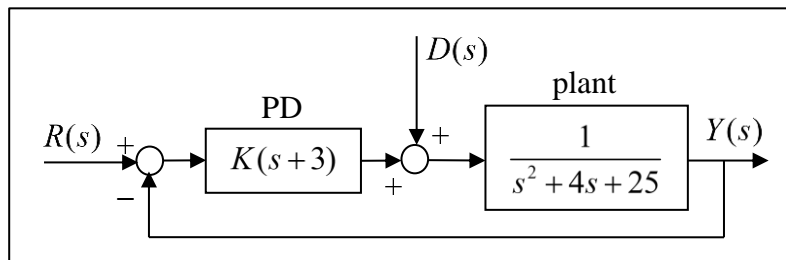
**Introductory Control Systems**  
**Exercises #12 – Disturbance Response**

1. A **proportional/integral** (“PI”) controller is used to control a 2<sup>nd</sup> order plant as shown. The system has two input signals ( $R(s)$  and  $D(s)$ ) and one output signal ( $Y(s)$ ). Find the **disturbance transfer function**  $\frac{Y}{D}(s)$ . Then, find the range of the product “ $Ka$ ” so  $(y_{ss})_D$  the **steady state system response** to a **unit ramp disturbance input** ( $D(s) = 1/s^2$ ) is less than 0.01.



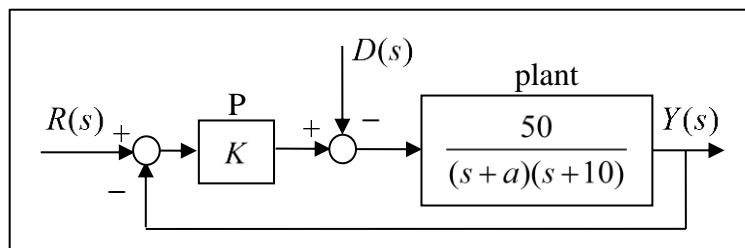
Answers:  $\frac{Y}{D}(s) = \frac{8s}{s^3 + 14s^2 + 8Ks + 8aK}$ ;  $(Ka) > 100$

2. A **proportional-derivative** (“PD”) controller is used to control a 2<sup>nd</sup> order plant as shown. The system input is  $R(s)$ , the disturbance input is  $D(s)$ , and the output is  $Y(s)$ . Find  $\frac{Y}{D}(s)$  the **disturbance transfer function** and find  $(y_{ss})_D$  the **steady-state** response associated with a **unit step** disturbance input.



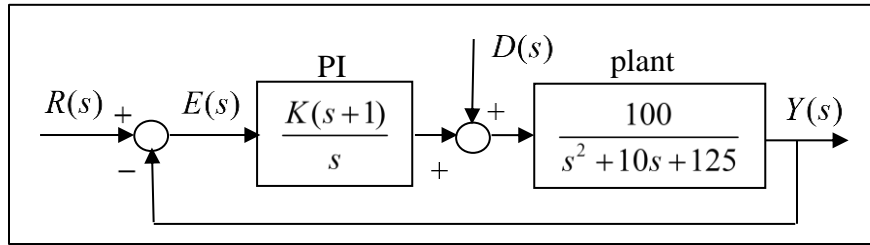
Answers:  $\frac{Y}{D}(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + (4+K)s + (25+3K)}$ ;  $(y_{ss})_D = \frac{1}{25+3K}$

3. **Proportional** (“P”) control is used to control a 2<sup>nd</sup> order plant as shown. The system has input signals  $R(s)$  and  $D(s)$  and output  $Y(s)$ . Find  $y_{ss}$  the final (steady-state) value of  $y(t)$  associated with **simultaneous unit step inputs**  $R(s) = 1/s$  and  $D(s) = 1/s$ . Use  $K = 3$  and  $a = 5$ .



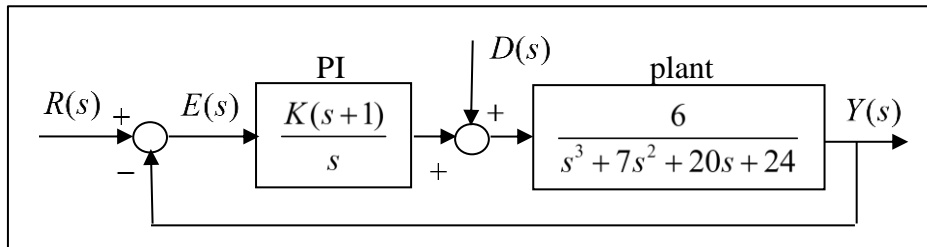
Answers:  $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{150}{s^2 + 15s + 200}$ ;  $\frac{Y}{D}(s) = \frac{-50}{s^2 + 15s + 200}$ ;  $y_{ss} = 0.5$

4. The diagram shows a closed-loop system with **proportional-integral** (“PI”) control. The system has **command input**  $R(s)$ , **disturbance input**  $D(s)$ , and **output**  $Y(s)$ . Find  $\frac{Y}{D}(s)$  the **disturbance transfer function**, and then find the range for the parameter  $K$  so that the system output is less than 0.1 to a **unit ramp disturbance** input ( $D(s) = 1/s^2$ ). Assume  $K > 0$ .



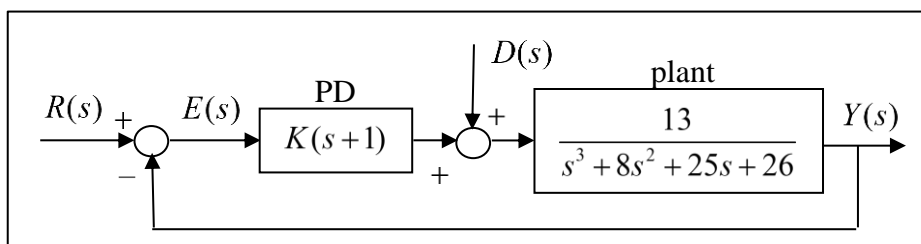
Answers:  $\frac{Y}{D}(s) = \frac{100s}{s(s^2 + 10s + 125) + 100K(s+1)}$ ,  $K > 10$

5. The diagram shows a closed-loop system with **proportional-integral** (“PI”) control. The system has command input  $R(s)$ , disturbance input  $D(s)$ , and output  $Y(s)$ . Find  $\frac{Y}{D}(s)$  the disturbance transfer function, and then find the range for the parameter  $K$  so that the system output is less than 0.1 to a **unit ramp disturbance** input ( $D(s) = 1/s^2$ ). Assume  $K > 0$ .



Answers:  $\frac{Y(s)}{D(s)} = \frac{6s}{s(s^3 + 7s^2 + 20s + 24) + 6K(s+1)}$ ;  $K > 10$

6. The diagram shows a closed-loop system with **proportional-derivative** (“PD”) control. The system has **command input**  $R(s)$ , **disturbance input**  $D(s)$ , and **output**  $Y(s)$ . Find  $y_{ss}$  the steady state response of the system to **simultaneous command and disturbance step inputs** ( $R(s) = 1/s$  and  $D(s) = 1/s$ ). Assume the parameter  $K = 20$ .



Answers:  $\frac{Y}{R}(s) = \frac{13K(s+1)}{s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 26 + 13K(s+1)}$ ;  $\frac{Y}{D}(s) = \frac{13}{s^3 + 8s^2 + 25s + 26 + 13K(s+1)}$ ;  $y_{ss} \approx 0.955$