

ME 5550 Intermediate Dynamics

Exercises #4 MATLAB/Simulink/SimMechanics Modeling

1. The yoke and spider universal joint of Exercises #3, Problem #4 is shown in the diagram below (based on figure in Bedford & Fowler, *Dynamics*, 1999). Develop the following **two** kinematic models of this system using SimMechanics.
 - a) **Model 1:** Treat the system as a two-body system – left and right shafts only. Each shaft is connected to ground using a **revolute** joint, and the two shafts are connected to each other using a **universal** joint.
 - b) **Model 2:** Treat the system as a three-body system – left shaft, right shaft, and spider. The left and right shafts are connected to ground using **revolute** joints, and the spider is connected to each of the shafts also using **revolute** joints.

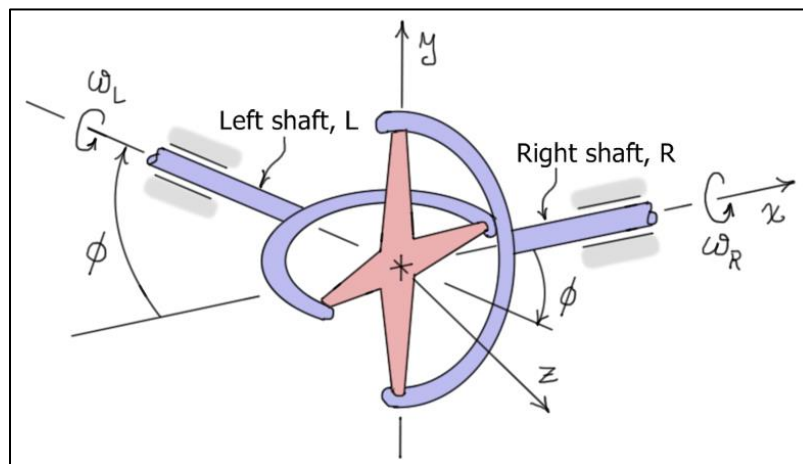
Model Input: In both models, specify the motion of the right shaft to have a **constant angular velocity** of $\omega_R = 6\pi$ (rad/s), let the angle $\phi = 30$ (deg), and simulate the motion for 2 seconds.

Model 1 Output: **Plot** the angle (θ_R) and angular velocity (ω_R) of the right shaft and the angular velocity (ω_L) of the left shaft. **Identify** the maximum and minimum values of ω_L .

Model 2 Output: **Plot** the angle (θ_R) and angular velocity (ω_R) of the right shaft and the angular velocity (ω_L) of the left shaft as functions of time. **Identify** the maximum and minimum values of ω_L . Also, **plot** the (x, y, z) components of the angular velocity and angular acceleration vectors of the spider as functions of time.

Model Validation and Reporting Results

- a) Validate your model by comparing the initial values on your plotted output with your hand calculations of Exercises #3. You can identify the initial values on the plots by using the zoom feature. If the model is correct, your model results and hand calculations should be very close.
- b) Execute your model using an M-file and “publish” the results to a PDF file. E-mail the PDF file along with your model to the instructor. **All plots** should be **labeled** to indicate which variable is plotted on that graph. Make sure to include the results of your model validation in the e-mail as well.



2. The three-dimensional slider crank mechanism of Exercises #3, Problem #1 is shown in the diagram (based on figure in Hibbeler, *Dynamics*, 1995). The (x, y, z) axes shown represent a fixed reference frame R . Develop a **three-body** model of this system using SimMechanics. The disk A is connected to the ground using a **revolute** joint, and the collar B is connected to ground using a **cylindrical** joint. Bar BC is connected to disk A using a **spherical** joint and is connected to collar B using a **revolute** joint.

Model Input: Specify the motion of disk A to have a **constant angular acceleration** ${}^R\alpha_A = 5\mathbf{k}$ (rad/s) with an **initial angular velocity** of ${}^R\omega_A = 10\mathbf{k}$ (rad/s). Simulate the motion of the system for 2 seconds.

Model Output: **Plot** the angular velocity of the disk (ω_A) and the angular acceleration of the disk (α_A) as functions of time. Also, **plot** the (x, y, z) components of the angular velocity (${}^R\omega_{BC}$) and angular acceleration (${}^R\alpha_{BC}$) vectors of the rod BC . Finally, **plot** the velocity (v_B) and acceleration (a_B) of the collar B as functions of time.

Model Validation and Reporting Results

- c) Validate your model by comparing the initial values on your plotted output with your hand calculations of Exercises #3. You can identify the initial values on the plots by using the zoom feature. If the model is correct, your model results and hand calculations should be very close.
- d) Execute your model using an M-file and “publish” the results to a PDF file. **All plots** should be **labeled** to indicate which variable is plotted on that graph. Make sure to include the results of your model validation as well.

