

## Example #9 – Intermediate Dynamics: Point Moving on a Body

Reference frames: ( $R$  is a fixed frame)

$D$ :  $\underline{e}_1, \underline{e}_2, \underline{e}_3$  (rotating with disk  $D$ )

$B$ :  $\underline{e}_r, \underline{e}_\theta, \underline{e}_3$  (rotating with the bar  $B$ )

Find:

${}^R \underline{v}_P$  ... the **velocity** of point  $P$  in  $R$ .

Solution:

To find the velocity of  $P$ , use the formula for a point moving on a rigid body. ( $\hat{P}$  is fixed on  $B$  and coincides with  $P$ )

$${}^R \underline{v}_P = {}^R \underline{v}_{\hat{P}} + {}^B \underline{v}_P$$

Here,

$${}^R \underline{v}_{\hat{P}} = {}^R \underline{v}_Q + {}^R \underline{v}_{\hat{P}/Q} = \left( {}^R \underline{\omega}_D \times \underline{r}_{Q/O} \right) + \left( {}^R \underline{\omega}_B \times \underline{r}_{\hat{P}/Q} \right) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (Q \text{ and } O \text{ are both fixed on } D) \\ (P_{\text{hat}} \text{ and } Q \text{ are both fixed on } B) \end{array} \right.$$

$$= \left( \Omega \underline{e}_2 \times a \underline{e}_3 \right) + \begin{vmatrix} \underline{e}_1 & \underline{e}_2 & \underline{e}_3 \\ 0 & \Omega & \omega \\ xS_\theta & -xC_\theta & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$${}^R \underline{v}_{\hat{P}} = (a\Omega + x\omega C_\theta) \underline{e}_1 + (x\omega S_\theta) \underline{e}_2 + (-x\Omega S_\theta) \underline{e}_3$$

$${}^B \underline{v}_P = \underset{\text{zero}}{{}^B \underline{v}_Q} + {}^B \underline{v}_{P/Q} = \dot{x} \underline{e}_r = \dot{x} (S_\theta \underline{e}_1 - C_\theta \underline{e}_2)$$

Adding these two results gives

$${}^R \underline{v}_P = (a\Omega + x\omega C_\theta + \dot{x} S_\theta) \underline{e}_1 + (x\omega S_\theta - \dot{x} C_\theta) \underline{e}_2 - (x\Omega S_\theta) \underline{e}_3$$

